



**PRUEBA DE ACCESO Y ADMISIÓN A LA  
UNIVERSIDAD**  
**ANDALUCÍA, CEUTA, MELILLA y CENTROS en MARRUECOS**  
CURSO 2019-2020

**LENGUA EXTRANJERA  
(INGLÉS)**

- Instrucciones:**
- Duración: 1 hora y 30 minutos.
  - Este examen consta de varios bloques. Debe responder a las preguntas que se indican en cada uno.
  - La puntuación está indicada en cada uno de los apartados.
  - No se permite el uso de diccionario.

**El examen consta de 3 Bloques (A, B y C)**

En cada bloque (**Comprehension, Use of English y Writing**) se plantean varias preguntas, de las que se deberá responder al número que se indica en cada uno. En caso de responder más cuestiones de las requeridas, serán tenidas en cuenta las respondidas en primer lugar hasta alcanzar dicho número. Las preguntas han de ser respondidas en su totalidad: si la pregunta tiene dos secciones, hay que responder ambas.

**BLOQUE A** (Comprensión lectora)

**Puntuación máxima: 4 puntos**

Debe responderse a las 8 preguntas de uno de los 2 textos propuestos.

**I \* COMPREHENSION (4 points).** CHOOSE TEXT 1 OR TEXT 2 AND ANSWER **ALL** THE QUESTIONS FROM THAT TEXT **ONLY**.

**TEXT 1: I HAVE A DREAM**

- Every January we celebrate Martin Luther King Day, the holiday honouring the life of the great civil rights leader. I've always loved MLK Day because my grandparents tell stories of fighting in the civil rights movement, of feeling as though MLK was speaking directly to them, urging them to fight for a better future.
- The speech that I remember watching in school was of course the one containing the famous phrase "I have a dream". This phrase was so powerful on its own that it has since come to define King's message, and movement. What I never learned as a child, however, is that this phrase was not part of the script for the speech that King had prepared.
- On August 28, 1963, approximately 250,000 attendees gathered in Washington DC for the March on Washington for Jobs and Freedom, intended to support civil rights for African Americans. People had travelled for many hours from across the country to be present for the march. The crowd marched to the Lincoln Memorial, where they sang and danced as they waited to hear the already famous Dr. King. Once King started his speech, Mahalia Jackson, who had seen him speak about his dreams before, shouted "Tell them about the dream, Martin". At this point, King abandoned his script and began an improvised account of his dream for a better future. The crowd cheered as King described a world in which children were not judged by the colour of their skin and freedom called from every hill and mountain in America. This strong imagery helped them to share his dream. And that's how the most inspiring speech in the 20th century was born.

CHOOSE AND WRITE THE CORRECT OPTION (A, B, C or D). (0.5 points each)

- The author... (b)**
  - only learned about the civil rights movement at home.
  - admires MLK's speech.
  - recites the speech every January.
  - witnessed the *I Have a Dream* speech in 1963.
- According to the text, ... (b)**
  - Mahalia Jackson wrote the speech.
  - Mahalia Jackson made King depart from his notes.
  - Some marchers asked King to talk about his dream.
  - Dr. King asked Mahalia Jackson for help.

ARE THESE STATEMENTS TRUE OR FALSE? JUSTIFY YOUR ANSWERS WITH THE PRECISE WORDS OR PHRASES FROM THE TEXT, OR USE YOUR OWN WORDS. (0.5 points each)

- The author's grandparents took part in the civil rights movement. TRUE (lines 2-3)** "my grandparents tell stories of fighting in the civil rights movement, of feeling as though MLK was speaking directly to them, urging them to fight for a better future."
- As a child, the author ignored that the "I have a dream" part of the speech was not planned in advance. TRUE (lines 5-6)** "What I never learned as a child, however, is that this phrase was not part of the script for the speech that King had prepared."
- Only Washingtonians were allowed to attend the march. FALSE (lines 8-9)** "People had travelled for many hours from across the country to be present for the march."
- Marchers kept quiet as they waited for the speech. FALSE (lines 9-10)** "The crowd marched to the Lincoln Memorial, where they sang and danced as they waited to hear the already famous Dr. King."
- FIND IN THE TEXT: (0.5 points)
  - ONE OPPOSITE FOR: "discouraging" (adjective). *inspiring (line 14)*
  - ONE SYNONYM FOR: "come together" (verb). *gather(ed) (line 7)*
- FIND IN THE TEXT: (0.5 points)
  - ONE WORD MEANING: "written copy for the use of performers in films, plays, speeches, etc." *script (lines 6, 11)*
  - ONE WORD MEANING: "to shout loudly to show approval or encouragement" *cheer(ed) (line 12)*



## TEXT 2: ALTERNATIVE DIETS

- 1 More and more people are choosing the vegan diet, which excludes all food that comes from animals, such as meat, dairy and  
2 eggs. However, some vegans are making the choice to return to the meat market.  
3 Susie Nicholson became vegan at the age of 19. "I wanted to become vegan because I was very concerned about animal  
4 abuse and farming methods, and I felt I should stop eating meat," she said. But as the years went by, she saw her health deteriorate  
5 and wondered what might be the cause. She decided to return to eating meat 6 years later. "I was suffering with depression and a  
6 slow thyroid, and I decided to make a change. It was not what I was eating, but what I was not eating, and making that change  
7 might make a difference".  
8 She was very sceptical about it at first, she says, but the impact was almost immediate. Within 48 hours, she started to feel  
9 better. "From an ethical point of view, I wish I could live without animal products, but my body just can't cope with it".  
10 According to the National Health Service (NHS), vegans should plan ahead and eat a varied and balanced diet to be able to  
11 get all the nutrients they need. For example, vegans must make sure they do not miss out on calcium, iron and B12, which are  
12 important dietary elements. The NHS suggests eating plant-based proteins, a variety of fruit and vegetables, and dairy substitutes  
13 like soya drinks and yoghurt.  
14 So, if you want to try a vegan diet, it makes sense to start by asking a professional nutritionist for specific advice.

CHOOSE AND WRITE THE CORRECT OPTION (A, B, C or D). (0.5 points each)

9. **Susie would like to continue eating a vegan diet, but she...** (d)  
(a) has developed an intolerance to vegetables. (b) can't cook vegan food.  
(c) can't afford it anymore. (d) can't live on a strict vegan diet anymore.
10. **According to the text, Susie went vegan because...** (c)  
(a) she was concerned about her health. (b) her doctor advised her to.  
(c) she didn't like the way animals are treated. (d) she hates the taste of meat.

ARE THESE STATEMENTS TRUE OR FALSE? JUSTIFY YOUR ANSWERS WITH THE PRECISE WORDS OR PHRASES FROM THE TEXT, OR USE YOUR OWN WORDS. (0.5 points each)

11. **The number of vegans is currently growing.** TRUE (line 1) "More and more people are choosing the vegan diet."  
12. **Susie noticed very soon the effects of quitting the vegan diet.** TRUE (lines 8-9) "but the impact was almost immediate". / "Within 48 hours, she started to feel better."  
13. **Proteins can only be found in meat.** FALSE (line 12) "(The NHS suggests eating) plant-based proteins."  
14. **People who want to go vegan should get help from an expert.** (line 14) TRUE "if you want to try a vegan diet, it makes sense to start by asking a professional nutritionist for specific advice."
15. FIND IN THE TEXT: (0.5 points)  
15.1. ONE SYNONYM FOR "selection" (noun). *choice (line 2)*  
15.2. ONE OPPOSITE FOR "improve" (verb). *deteriorate (line 4)*
16. FIND IN THE TEXT: (0.5 points)  
16.1. ONE WORD MEANING "recommendation as to appropriate choice of action" *advice (line 14)*  
16.2. ONE WORD MEANING "not easily convinced, having doubts or reservations" *sceptical (line 8)*



BLOQUE B (Uso de la lengua)

**Puntuación máxima: 3 puntos**

Debe responder a 6 de las 12 preguntas propuestas.

**II \* USE OF ENGLISH (3 points; 0.5 points each). CHOOSE AND ANSWER ONLY 6 (SIX) QUESTIONS.**

17. FILL IN THE GAPS WITH A CORRECT FORM OF THE VERB IN BRACKETS:
  - 17.1. "I wish I... that skirt last week because they sold out yesterday." (buy) *had bought*
  - 17.2. "As soon as he... to Madrid, he will call." (get) *gets*
18. FILL IN THE GAPS WITH THE CORRECT OPTION:
  - 18.1. "It's quite hot in this room. You can take... your sweater." off / up / on / behind *off*
  - 18.2. "I had never seen... terrible mess." so / like / such a / so much *such a*
19. TURN THE FOLLOWING SENTENCE INTO THE ACTIVE VOICE: "The document could not be sent in time by the secretary." *The secretary could not send the document in time.*
20. TURN THE FOLLOWING SENTENCE INTO THE PASSIVE VOICE: "The company will have launched the campaign before Christmas." *The campaign will have been launched before Christmas (by the company).*
21. GIVE A QUESTION FOR THE UNDERLINED WORDS: "Tom brought the vanilla cupcakes last weekend." *Which cupcakes did Tom bring last weekend? / What type of / Which flavor...*
22. JOIN THE FOLLOWING SENTENCES USING A RELATIVE. MAKE CHANGES IF NECESSARY: "The committee provided a way out of this situation. I usually agree with their decisions." *The committee (,) whose decisions I usually agree with (,) provided a way out of this situation.*
23. REWRITE THE FOLLOWING SENTENCE WITHOUT CHANGING ITS MEANING. BEGIN AS INDICATED: "They don't like meat as much as fish." They like... *They like fish more / better than meat.*
24. COMPLETE THE FOLLOWING CONDITIONAL SENTENCE: "Unless it is sunny and warm next Sunday, ..." *subject + will / can / may (not) + infinitive // imperative*
25. REWRITE THE FOLLOWING SENTENCE WITHOUT CHANGING ITS MEANING. BEGIN AS INDICATED: "A friend of us will design our house next month." We... *We will have / get our house designed by a friend of us next month.*
26. THERE ARE TWO MISTAKES IN THIS SENTENCE. FIND THE MISTAKES AND REWRITE THE SENTENCE CORRECTLY: "My husband and I are going in holiday in spring, which the weather is already fine." *My husband and I are going on holiday in spring, when the weather is already fine.*
27. TURN THE FOLLOWING SENTENCE INTO REPORTED SPEECH: "'I may visit my grandparents tomorrow', Peter said." *Peter said (that) he might visit his grandparents the following day.*
28. JOIN THE FOLLOWING SENTENCES USING AN APPROPRIATE LINKER (DO NOT USE AND, BUT, OR BECAUSE). MAKE CHANGES IF NECESSARY: "I really love travelling. My parents do not." *I really love travelling; nevertheless / however, my parents do not. // While /whereas I really love travelling, my parents do not.*

BLOQUE C (Redacción)

**Puntuación máxima: 3 puntos**

Deberá realizar una redacción de aproximadamente 120 palabras de SOLAMENTE 1 de los dos temas propuestos.

**III \* WRITING (3 points)**

29. WRITE A COMPOSITION OF APPROXIMATELY 120 WORDS ABOUT ONE OF THE TOPICS PROPOSED AND FOCUS STRICTLY ON IT. CHOOSE **ONE TOPIC** ONLY:

- 29.1. **What do you see yourself doing in the future? Explain.**
- 29.2. **Is it important to have a healthy lifestyle? Discuss.**