GOOD PRACTICE



Please leave rubbish in the bins provided



Walk on the



Please respect private property



Starting fires is strictly forbidden

is not permitted

The capture of animals



Fishing is prohibited



Plant collecting is not allowed

Emergency phone: 112



ALMERÍA



MORE INFORMATION

Mirador de la Umbría de la Virgen Visitor's Centre Ctra. AL-317 María-Orce km 2,7. María. Almería. Tel. 950 52 70 05. ventanadel **Visitante**



Junta de Andalucía Consejería de Agricultura, Ganadería, Persa va Pesarrollo Socienible



Pinar de la Alfahuara



OTHER CATEGORIES OF PROTECTION



• ROUTE Linear

• LENGTH (OUTWARD)

8,3 km

• ESTIMATED TIME (OUTWARD)

2 hour and 30 minutes

• DIFFICULTY

Moderate

• TYPE OF TRAIL

Path or trail

• LANDSCAPE / VEGETATION

Carved on limestone rock. Forest of native and reforested pines. Holm oak forests. Panoramic views from viewpoints.

SHADE

Abundant

• SPECIAL AUTHORISATION

Not required

• RECOMMENDATIONS

Carry drinking water and wear suitable clothing and footwear.

PROFILE OF ROUTE

HOW TO GET THERE

PUBLIC TRANSPORT

www. alsa.es)

OTHER TRAILS

left of the road.

PARKING

From Vélez Rubio rake the A-317 road to the

and past María, the trail branches off to the

There is a car park at the start of the trail

The main companies running regular bus

routes in the area ALSA (tel. 902 42 22 42;

The natural park offers a number of routes

Virgen and the Umbría del Maimón trail.

for hikers. Nearby trails are the Umbría de la

and there are also places nearby to leave your

north towards Vélez Blanco. After about 18 km



Almería / María

• SHEETS OF MTN MAP 1:50.000

951 - Orce

• START / END COORDINATES

• PROVINCE / MUNICIPALITIES

37° 42' 12,55"N - 2° 12' 29,58"O 37° 42' 18,52"N - 2° 14' 28,44"O

MAXIMUM GRADIENT

116 m

MAXIMUM HEIGHT

1.279 m

MINIMUM HEIGHT

1.163 m



A DIVERSE WILDLIFE

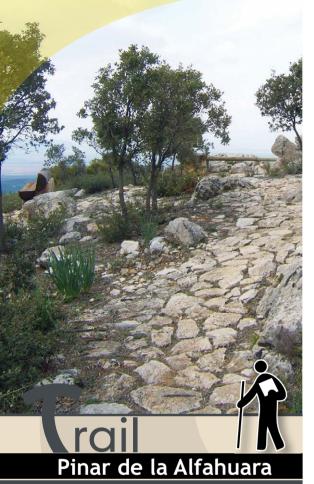
The habitat diversity in Sierra María, including forests, screes, rocky crags and outcrops, allows for a rich and diverse wildlife, especially of birds, of which over a hundred species, between sedentary, wintering and summer, have been identified.



Northern goshawk, sparrowhawk and booted eagle are especially noteworthy of these pine areas. Golden eagles, peregrine falcons or Eurasian eagle-owls make their nest on the cliffs.

Other species typical of agricultural fields are the crested lark, the calandra lark or the meadow pipit.





This trail will bring you closer to a beautiful synthesis of thee natural and cultural history of the area.

The trail allows to admire, among other attractions, one of the few native pine woods still existing in the province of Almería, as well as knowing interesting aspects of the social and economic history of the park, always linked to the use of natural resources supplied by Mediterranean forests.

La Aduana

At the foot of the road AL-832, which goes from María to Orce, you will see the ruins of an old shed: it is the spot known as La Aduana, Spanish for "customs house", which had the functions of supervising the exploitation of forest resources by locals. This is where the trail starts (see [1] on the map). You will start by turning left in a well-signalled crossing. Once you are set on the trail and a few metres afterwards, you will meet the only challenging point in the trail: a 140 m slope.



At the beginning of the trail, the old customs building of La Aduana speaks of a wealthy past in which surveillance over the exploitation of forest and hunting resources was carried out by local nobility: the marquises of Los Vélez. Since then, La Aduana was the only entrance point to this specific area.

During the first section of the trail, which runs southwards, you will find yourself under a canopy of Aleppo pines with an underground of rockroses, holm oaks, Genista cinerascens and juniper. When the trail turns west, the trees become short, shrubby holm oaks with some patches of cluster pines.

Puntal del Morral

The trail continues to the viewpoint called Puntal del Morral [2], from which it is possible to enjoy a view over a landscape rich in contrasts: wide



crop fields on one side, a fine example of Mediterranean scrub in the other. If you look up, you may see specimens of griffon vulture, short-toed snake eagle or booted eagle hovering over your head.



Panoramic over the Morral viewpoint. A privileged spot to admire the views and survey the abundant wildlife.

After a well-earned rest in the viewpoint, continue your trek by going down to the Los Alamicos recreational area. Poco Gradually, the trial penetrates the Agrio gorge [3], from which you may contemplated the woods of holm oaks that cover the western slope of Puntal del Morral, as well as the deciduous forest in the upper part of the gorge, including, among others, maple trees, whitebeams and

laurestine. From this place you may spot the impressive limestone peaks with clear traces of dissolution, a fine example of the complex karst system that rules the range.



Los Alamicos

After crossing the Agrio gorge, the trail continues along the other bank, starting a slow descent to the crossing with the forest path of Los Alamicos [4].



Once there, you may take a break in this recreational area, which includes wooden tables and benches, fountains and currently closed mountain shelter.



In order to continue along the trail, go back to the crossing and cross the path that leads to the Los Alamicos tree nursery [5], from where all plants used in reforestation initiatives were obtained. This path marks the limit between public grounds and the private estate of the dehesa. It is interesting to note that, in spring, orchids bloom in this area, adding spots of red to the green pines.

You will get gradually close to La Alfahuara, the final point of the trail [6], where, in the

1940s, a factory that processed the resin obtained from the Aleppo pines in the area stood beside the now-ruined houses.



