



CRITERIOS ESPECÍFICOS DE CORRECCIÓN

El examen consta de 3 Bloques (A, B y C)

En cada bloque (**Comprehension, Use of English y Writing**) se plantean varias preguntas, de las que se deberá responder al número que se indica en cada uno. En caso de responder más cuestiones de las requeridas, serán tenidas en cuenta las respondidas en primer lugar hasta alcanzar dicho número. Las preguntas han de ser respondidas en su totalidad: si la pregunta tiene dos secciones, hay que responder ambas.

BLOQUE A (Comprensión lectora)

Puntuación máxima: 4 puntos

Debe responderse a las 8 preguntas de uno de los 2 textos propuestos.

I * **COMPREHENSION (4 points)**. CHOOSE TEXT 1 OR TEXT 2 AND ANSWER ALL THE QUESTIONS FROM THAT TEXT ONLY.

TEXT 1: A PIZZA FOR THE QUEEN **KEY**

- 1 Pizza Margherita, whose toppings resemble the colours of the Italian flag, red (tomato), white (mozzarella) and green (basil),
2 has an appealing story behind its name. It was created by Raffaele Esposito, a well-known pizza maker from Naples who owned
3 a tavern called *Pizzeria di Pietro e Basta Così*. Tomato-based pizza was then considered the food of the poor people of Naples
4 and mainly sold by the street vendors. In his book *Le Coricollo*, French author Alexandre Dumas noted the popularity of the tomato-
5 and-fish-based pizzas sold in the streets of Naples. People would eat watermelons in summer and pizza throughout the year.
6 According to the legend, Esposito was invited to the royal palace to prepare a pizza for Queen Margherita of Savoy, who had
7 travelled to Naples with King Umberto I. Esposito prepared three different pizzas, one of which used a combination of tomatoes,
8 mozzarella cheese and basil to emulate the red, white and green of the Italian flag. The Queen found this pizza absolutely delicious
9 and she is said to have sent a note of appreciation to the pizza maker, who then named the pizza after the Queen.
10 Although the authenticity of the story has been questioned by some people, it helped Neapolitan Pizza gain enduring popularity
11 and the presentation and fine taste of Esposito's Pizza Margherita made it one of the most recognizable symbols of Italian food
12 culture in the world. Some of the old traditional pizzerias still exist in Naples, and a trip to this capital city of the Campania region
13 must certainly include a visit to its historic pizzerias for both pizza and history lovers.

CHOOSE AND WRITE THE CORRECT OPTION (A, B, C or D). (0.5 points each)

1. According to the text, Alexandre Dumas wrote about... (a)

- (a) the street-sold pizzas in one of his books. (b) Raffaele Esposito.
(c) the popularity of Queen Margherita. (d) how to make tomato and fish pizza.

2. After Esposito made pizza for the Queen, ... (d)

- (a) he became the royal cook. (b) he opened a tavern.
(c) he opened a lot of pizzerias in Naples. (d) one of his recipes became well-known all over the world.

ARE THESE STATEMENTS TRUE OR FALSE? JUSTIFY YOUR ANSWERS WITH THE PRECISE WORDS OR PHRASES FROM THE TEXT, OR USE YOUR OWN WORDS. (0.5 points each)

3. **Only the wealthy could afford to eat pizza.** FALSE (lines 3-4) "Tomato-based pizza was then considered the food of the poor people of Naples and mainly sold by the street vendors."

4. **People in Naples used to eat pizza only in summer.** FALSE (line 5) "People would eat watermelons in summer and pizza throughout the year."

5. **The Queen loved the pizza because it was named after her.** FALSE (line 9) "(The Queen found this pizza absolutely delicious and she is said to have sent a note of appreciation to the pizza maker,) who then named the pizza after the Queen."

6. **The origins of the famous pizza Margherita are uncertain.** TRUE (line 10) "Although the authenticity of the story has been questioned by some people (, it helped Neapolitan Pizza gain enduring popularity and the presentation and fine taste of Esposito's Pizza Margherita made it one of the most recognizable symbols of Italian food culture in the world)."

7. FIND IN THE TEXT: (0.5 points)

- 7.1. ONE SYNONYM FOR: "fame" (noun). popularity (lines 4, 10)
7.2. ONE SYNONYM FOR: "imitate" (verb). emulate (line 8)

8. FIND IN THE TEXT: (0.5 points)

- 8.1. ONE WORD MEANING: "a piece of fabric that is used as a symbol of a nation." flag (lines 1, 8)
8.2. ONE WORD MEANING: "expression of gratitude or thankful recognition." appreciation (line 9)



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TEXT 2: WILL THE MACHINES TAKE CONTROL? **KEY**

- 1 The first time I interviewed Eric Schmidt —twelve years ago when he was the Chief Executive Officer (CEO) of Google— I had
2 a simple question about the technology that is spying and monetizing all our movements, opinions, relationships and tastes. “Friend
3 or enemy?” I asked. “We’re friends,” Schmidt replied coolly.
4 Now that the former Google executive has a book out titled *The Age of Artificial Intelligence*, I made him the same question
5 about Artificial Intelligence (AI), “Friend or enemy?”. “AI is imprecise, and it can be unreliable as a partner,” he replied. “It’s dynamic
6 since it’s changing all the time. It’s emergent and does things you don’t expect. And, most importantly, it’s capable of learning.”
7 “It will be everywhere,” continues Schmidt. “How may a child feel about having an AI programmed robot? What does AI war
8 look like? Does AI perceive aspects of reality that we don’t? Is it possible that AI will see things that humans cannot comprehend?”
9 Some scientists believe that when we build AI without a kill bottom for it, we are creating a demon —with luck, humans could
10 end up as the family pets. On this point, Schmidt disagrees with those people who consider that by developing AI, eventually, you’ll
11 finish up with a master robot that’s 1,000 times smarter than the humans. “My answer is different. I think that these AI systems are
12 going to think, not like humans, but they’re going to be very smart, and that we’re going to have to coexist.”
13 I asked, “You don’t think Siri and Alexa are going to kill us one night?”. “No,” he replied. “But they might become your child’s
14 best friend.”

CHOOSE AND WRITE THE CORRECT OPTION (A, B, C or D). (0.5 points each)

9. **Twelve years ago, Eric Schmidt...** (d)

- (a) became the CEO of Google. (b) was no longer working for Google.
(c) wrote about AI. (d) believed that technology and humanity got on well.

10. **According to the text, technology...** (c)

- (a) guarantees our digital privacy. (b) is definitely our adversary.
(c) makes money by tracking people. (d) is not involved in our daily lives.

ARE THESE STATEMENTS TRUE OR FALSE? JUSTIFY YOUR ANSWERS WITH THE PRECISE WORDS OR PHRASES FROM THE TEXT, OR USE YOUR OWN WORDS. (0.5 points each)

11. **Schmidt is interviewed for a second time because a book of his has been released.** **TRUE** (line 4) “Now that the former Google executive has a book out titled *The Age of Artificial Intelligence* (, I made him the same question about Artificial Intelligence (AI): “Friend or enemy?””

12. **During the second interview, Schmidt claims we can trust AI.** **FALSE** (lines 5-6) ““AI is imprecise, and it can be unreliable as a partner,” he replied.” // ““It’s dynamic since it’s changing all the time.”” // ““It’s emergent and does things you don’t expect.””

13. **Schmidt considers AI will be applied only to certain spheres of human life.** **FALSE** (line 7) ““It will be everywhere” (, continues Schmidt).”

14. **Schmidt suggests we should learn to live side by side with AI.** **TRUE** (line 12) “(“I think that these AI systems are going to think, not like humans, but they’re going to be very smart,.)” and that we’re going to have to coexist.”

15. **FIND IN THE TEXT:** (0.5 points)

- 15.1. ONE OPPOSITE FOR: “**current**” (adjective). *former* (line 4)
15.2. ONE SYNONYM FOR: “**finally**” (adverb). *eventually* (line 10)

16. **FIND IN THE TEXT:** (0.5 points)

- 16.1. ONE WORD MEANING: “**a personal preference or liking.**” *taste(s)* (line 2)
16.2. ONE WORD MEANING: “**a source or agent of evil, harm, distress or ruin.**” *demon* (line 9)



**PRUEBA DE EVALUACIÓN DE BACHILLERATO PARA EL
ACCESO A LA UNIVERSIDAD Y PRUEBAS DE ADMISIÓN**
ANDALUCÍA, CEUTA, MELILLA y CENTROS en MARRUECOS
CURSO 2021-2022

**LENGUA EXTRANJERA
(INGLÉS)**

CRITERIOS ESPECÍFICOS DE CORRECCIÓN

BLOQUE B (Uso de la lengua)

Puntuación máxima: 3 puntos

Debe responder a 6 de las 12 preguntas propuestas.

II * USE OF ENGLISH (3 points; 0.5 points each). CHOOSE AND ANSWER ONLY 6 (SIX) QUESTIONS.

17. FILL IN THE GAPS WITH A CORRECT FORM OF THE VERB IN BRACKETS:

17.1. "Don't worry, they are used to... in the rain." (drive) *driving*

17.2. "When we were six, we... the same school." (not attend) *didn't attend*

18. FILL IN THE GAPS WITH THE CORRECT OPTION:

18.1. "Keep flammable substances... from fire." near / up / away / close *away*

18.2. "There's... furniture in the room." many / much / a lot / a few *much*

19. TURN THE FOLLOWING SENTENCE INTO THE ACTIVE VOICE: "All children over the age of six have been required to wear a uniform at my school." *They have required all children over the age of six to wear a uniform at my school.*

20. TURN THE FOLLOWING SENTENCE INTO THE PASSIVE VOICE: "Someone is looking after the baby at day care." *The baby is being looked after at day care.*

21. GIVE A QUESTION FOR THE UNDERLINED WORDS: "On Monday, the court took legal action against the criminal." *When / Which day (of the week) / What day (of the week) did the court take legal action against the criminal?*

22. JOIN THE FOLLOWING SENTENCES USING A RELATIVE. MAKE CHANGES IF NECESSARY: "The most important meeting in 2022 will be held in China. China is an overpopulated Asian country." *The most important meeting in 2022 will be held in China, which is an overpopulated Asian country. // China, which is an overpopulated Asian country, will hold the most important meeting in 2022.*

23. REWRITE THE FOLLOWING SENTENCE WITHOUT CHANGING ITS MEANING. BEGIN AS INDICATED: "Our new dishwasher was installed last Monday." *We had... We had our new dishwasher installed last Monday.*

24. COMPLETE THE FOLLOWING CONDITIONAL SENTENCE: "The planet can be saved if..." *Subject + present simple*

25. REWRITE THE FOLLOWING SENTENCE WITHOUT CHANGING ITS MEANING. BEGIN AS INDICATED: "The armchair was so comfortable that he ordered two more at the shop." *It was such... It was such a comfortable armchair that he ordered two more at the shop.*

26. THERE ARE TWO MISTAKES IN THIS SENTENCE. FIND THE MISTAKES AND REWRITE THE SENTENCE CORRECTLY: "I used to working for the government, but now my job is in the privately sector." *I used to work for the government, but now my job is in the private sector.*

27. TURN THE FOLLOWING SENTENCE INTO DIRECT SPEECH: "They announced that the cruise would continue its journey that week." *"The cruise will continue its journey this week," they announced.*

28. USE THE WORDS IN THE BOXES TO MAKE A MEANINGFUL SENTENCE. USE ALL AND ONLY THE WORDS IN THE BOXES WITHOUT CHANGING THEIR FORM: *The good news is that we still have another chance.*

news	we	is	have	the	chance	another	good	that	still
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BLOQUE C (Redacción)

Puntuación máxima: 3 puntos

Deberá realizar una redacción de un mínimo de 120 palabras de SOLAMENTE 1 de los dos temas propuestos.

III * WRITING (3 points)

29. WRITE A COMPOSITION OF AT LEAST 120 WORDS ABOUT ONE OF THE TOPICS PROPOSED AND FOCUS ON IT. CHOOSE ONE TOPIC ONLY:

29.1. Eating out or eating at home. Discuss.

29.2. Is your smartphone spying on you? Explain.